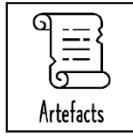
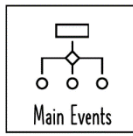


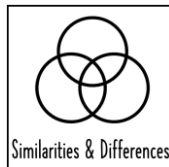
**WHAT SHOULD I ALREADY KNOW?**

- How to place events on a timeline.
- Different countries have different cultures.
- The Ancient Greeks left a legacy on today's world.

**WEAVING CONCEPTS**



**CONCEPT**



**STICKY KNOWLEDGE**

In a tropical rainforest they successfully created farmland and grew crops which they could then trade.	They made a complex calendar system which helped them to know how to plant and harvest.
The Ancient Maya drank chocolate with nearly every meal regardless of their wealth or power.	Mayan cities had a range of monumental architecture including temples, stepped pyramids and palaces.
The Ancient Maya lived in an area known as Mesoamerica and lived between 2000 BCE to 1500 CE (AD).	The Maya diet was mostly maize, squash and beans.
The Maya believed in many gods and goddesses. They thought that the gods/goddesses had a good side and a bad side and that they could help or hurt them.	The Maya developed an advanced number system for their time. They were one of only two cultures in the world to develop the concept of zero as a placeholder.

**VOCABULARY**

Maya/Mayan	'Maya' is used to describe the Ancient Civilisation. 'Mayan' is used to describe the language.
Maize	Another word for sweetcorn or corn on the cob. It can be made into a dough and baked into tortillas.
Farming	The growing of crops and raising of livestock. The Maya learned how to clear
Calendar	A chart or series of pages showing the days, weeks, and months of a year, or giving information about the seasons.
Cacao	The seeds from a small tropical American evergreen tree. From this seed you can make cocoa, cocoa butter and chocolate.
pyramid	a monumental structure with a square or triangular base and sloping sides that meet in a point at the top,

