

YEAR 5/6
AUTUMN

HISTORY

THE VIKINGS

WHAT SHOULD I ALREADY KNOW?

- Britain was invaded and settled by the Romans and Anglo Saxons

CONCEPT



Settlements and Social History

WHAT I WILL KNOW ...

Not all Vikings were warriors. Many came in peace and traded or farmed

Longships were designed to sail in both deep and shallow water so that they could get close to the shore and sail in rivers to get in land.

Danelaw is the part of England occupied by the Vikings and where their laws were followed.

Vikings were pagans and often raided monasteries such as Lindisfarne looting treasures.

The most important Viking British city was York or Jorvik as it was known by the Vikings.

The Vikings came from Denmark, Norway and Sweden and travelled as far as Britain, Russia, Turkey and Iraq.

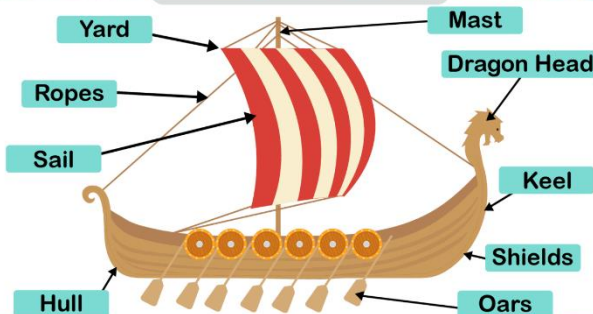
The Vikings used ships called knarrs when travelling for trade.

Lindisfarne was raided in 793

TIER THREE VOCABULARY

Conquer	To overcome and take control of a place or people by force.
Raid	A surprise attack on an enemy.
Territory	An area of land under the control of a ruler or state.

Viking Longship



VIKING FACTS

No one is sure what Viking really means.
No one is sure where Vikings originated from.

The Vikings primarily traded slaves.

Vikings discovered many new lands.

The rise of the Carolingian Empire in the 9th century may have opened the door for the Vikings.

The Vikings traveled and traded all over medieval Eastern Europe.

The Vikings' victims sometimes paid the Vikings to keep them from attacking.

The Vikings' motives are still something of a mystery.

Jomsborg was a semi-legendary Viking fortress.

The Vikings treated their dead in two ways.

